FEATURES

- Pin-for-pin, plug-in compatible to the ON Semiconductor MC100EP195
- Maximum frequency > 2.5GHz
- Programmable range: 2.2ns to 12.2ns
- 10ps increments
- PECL mode operating range: V_{CC} = 3.0V to 5.5V with V_{FF} = 0V
- NECL mode operating range: V_{CC} = 0V with V_{FF} = -3.0V to -5.5V
- Open input default state
- Safety clamp on inputs
- A logic high on the /EN pin will force Q to logic low
- D[0:10] can accept either ECL, CMOS, or TTL inputs
- V_{BB} output reference voltage
- Available in a 32-pin TQFP package

ECL Pro®

DESCRIPTION

The SY100EP195V is a programmable delay line, varying the time a logic signal takes to traverse from IN to Q. This delay can vary from about 2.2ns to about 12.2ns. The input can be PECL, LVPECL, NECL, or LVNECL.

The delay varies in discrete steps based on a control word presented to SY100EP195V. The 10-bit width of this latched control register allows for delay increments of approximately 10ps.

An eleventh control bit allows the cascading of multiple SY100EP195V devices, for a wider delay range. Each additional SY100EP195V effectively doubles the delay range available.

For maximum flexibility, the control register interface accepts CMOS or TTL level signals, as well as the input level at the IN \pm pins.

All support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at www.micrel.com.

APPLICATIONS

- Clock de-skewing
- **■** Timing adjustment
- Aperture centering

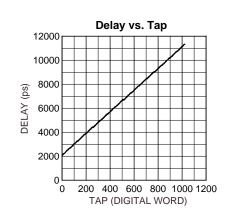
CROSS REFERENCE TABLE

Micrel Semiconductor	ON Semiconductor
SY100EP195VTI	MC100EP195FA
SY100EP195VTITR	MC100EP195FAR2

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS CIRCUIT

Data Signal of Unknown Phase SY100EP195V CLOCK+ IN Q CLOCK /IN /Q D[9:0] CONTROL LOGIC

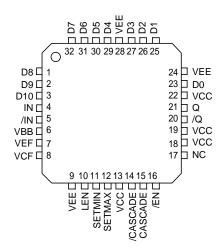
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE



ECL Pro is a registered trademark of Micrel, Inc.

Rev.: C Amendment: /0
Issue Date: December 2004

PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION



32-Pin TQFP (T32-1)

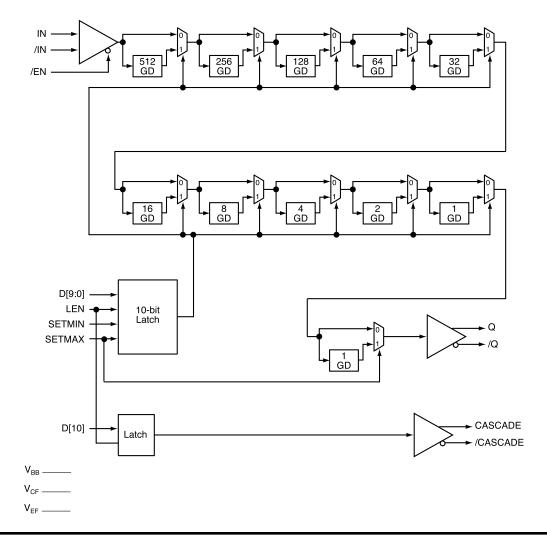
Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking
SY100EP195VTI	T32-1	Industrial	SY100EP195V
SY100EP195VTITR ⁽¹⁾	T32-1	Industrial	SY100EP195V

Note:

1. Tape and Reel.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
23, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 1, 2	D[0:9]	CMOS, ECL, or TTL Select Inputs: These digital control signals adjust the amount of delay from IN to Q. Please refer to the "Ac Electrical Table" (page 7) and Table 7 (page 17) for delay values. Figure 9 shows how to interface these inputs to various logic family standards. These inputs default to logic low when left unconnected. Bit 0 is the least significant bit, and bit 9 is the most significant bit.
3	D[10]	CMOS, ECL, or TTL Select Input: This input latches just like D[0:9] does. It drives the CASCADE, /CASCADE differential pair. Use only when cascading two or more SY100EP195V to extend the range of delays required.
4, 5	IN, /IN	ECL Input: This is the signal to be delayed. If this input pair is left unconnected, this is equivalent to a logic low input.
6	VBB	Voltage Output: When using a single-ended logic source for IN and /IN, connect the unused input of the differential pair to this pin. This pin can also re-bias AC-coupled inputs to IN and /IN. When used, de-couple this pin to V_{CC} through an $0.01\mu F$ capacitor. Limit current sinking or sourcing to $0.5 mA$ or less.
7	VEF	Voltage Output: Connect this pin to VCF when the D inputs are ECL. Refer to the "Digital Control Logic Standard" section of the "Functional Description" to interface the D inputs to CMOS or TTL.
8	VCF	Voltage Input: The voltage at this pin sets the logic transition threshold for the D inputs.
9, 24, 28	VEE	Most Negative Supply: Supply ground for PECL systems.
10	LEN	ECL Control Input: When logic low, the D inputs flow through. Any changes to the D inputs reflect in the delay between IN, /IN and Q, /Q. When logic high, the logic values at D are latched, and these latched bits determine the delay.
11	SETMIN	ECL Control Input: When logic high, the contents of the D register are reset. This sets the delay to the minimum possible, equivalent to D[0:9] being set to 0000000000. When logic low, the value of the D register, or the logic value of SETMAX determines the delay from IN, /IN to Q, /Q. This input defaults to logic low when left unconnected.
12	SETMAX	ECL Control Input: When logic high and SETMIN is logic low, the contents of the D register are set high, and the delay is set to one step greater than the maximum possible with D[0:9] set to 11111111111. When logic low, the value of the D register, or the logic value of SETMIN determines the delay from IN, /IN to Q, /Q. This input defaults to logic low when left unconnected.
13, 18, 19, 22	VCC	Most Positive Supply: Supply ground for NECL systems. Bypass to V_{EE} with $0.1\mu\text{F}$ and $0.01\mu\text{F}$ low ESR capacitors.
15, 14	CASCADE, /CASCADE	100 ECL Outputs: These outputs are used when cascading two or more SY100EP195V to extend the delay range required.
16	/EN	ECL Control Input: When set active low, Q, /Q are a delayed version of IN, /IN. When set inactive high, IN, /IN are gated such that Q, /Q become a differential logic low. This input defaults to logic low when left unconnected.
20, 21	Q, /Q	100k ECL Outputs: This signal pair is the delayed version of IN, /IN.
17	NC	No Connect: Leave this pin unconnected.

3

Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	
PECL Mode (V _{FF} =0V)	0.5V to +6.0V
Supply Voltage (V _{FF})	
NECL Mode (V _{CC} =0V)	+0.5V to -6.0V
Any Input Voltage (V _{IN})	
PECL Mode	0.5\/ to \/0.5\/
NECL Mode	$+0.5V$ to $V_{EE}-0.5V$
ECL Output Current (I _{OUT})	
Continuous	50mA
Surge	100mA
I _{BB} Sink/Source Current	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 sec.)	+300°C
Storage Temperature (T _S)	65°C to +150°C
ESD Rating ⁽³⁾	>1.5kV
U	

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	
PECL Mode (V _{EE} =0V)	+3.0V to +5.5V
Supply Voltage (V _{EE})	
NECL Mode (V _{CC} =0V)	3.0V to -5.5V
Ambient Temperature (T _A)	40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
TQFP-32 (θ _{JA})	
Still-air	50°C/W
500lfpm	42°C/W
TQFP-32 (θ _{JC})	

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C.$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltage (PECL)		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
			4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V_{EE}	Power Supply Voltage (NECL)		-3.6	-3.3	-3.0	V
			-5.5	-5.0	-4.5	V
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current ⁽⁴⁾	No load, over supply voltage		150	175	mA

Notes:

- 1. Permanent device damage may occur if "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Rating" conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
- Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.
- 4. Required 500lfpm air flow when using +5V or -5V power supply.

LVPECL DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (100kEP)

 $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $V_{EE} = 0V$; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C.^{(5, 6)}$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	Figures 2, 3, 6	2155	2280	2405	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	Figures 2, 3, 6	1355	1480	1605	mV
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage PECL CMOS TTL	Figures 1, 4	2075 1815 2000		2420	mV mV mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage PECL CMOS TTL	Figures 1, 4	1355		1675 1485 800	mV mV mV
V_{BB}	Output Voltage Reference		1775	1875	1975	mV
V_{CF}	Input Select Voltage		1610	1720	1825	mV
V_{EF}	Mode Connection		1900	2000	2100	mV
V _{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range ⁽⁷⁾	Figure 5	2.0		3.3	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current				150	μА
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current IN /IN		0.5 -150			μA μA

Notes:

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^{5.} Device is guaranteed to meet the DC specifications, shown in the table below, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The device is tested in a socket such that transverse airflow of ≥ 500lfpm is maintained.

^{6.} Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with V_{CC} . V_{EE} can vary +0.3V to -2.2V.

^{7.} V_{IHCMR} maximum varies 1:1 with V_{CC} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

PECL DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (100kEP)

 V_{CC} = 5.0V, V_{EE} = 0V; T_A = -40°C to +85°C.^(8, 9)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	Figures 2, 3, 6	3855	3980	4105	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	Figures 2, 3, 6	3055	3180	3305	mV
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage PECL CMOS TTL	Figures 1, 4	3775 2750 2000		4120	mV mV mV
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage PECL CMOS TTL	Figures 1, 4	3055		3375 2250 800	mV mV mV
$\overline{V_{BB}}$	Output Voltage Reference		3475	3575	3675	mV
V _{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range ⁽¹⁰⁾	Figure 5	2.0		5.0	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current				150	μА
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current IN /IN		0.5 -150			μA μA

NECL DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (100kEP)

 $V_{CC} = 0V$, $V_{EE} = -5.5V$ to -3.0V; $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C.^{(8)}$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	Figures 2, 3	-1145	-1020	-895	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	Figures 2, 3	-1945	-1820	-1695	mV
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage NECL	Figures 1, 4	-1225	;	-880	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage NECL	Figures 1, 4	-1945	;	-1625	mV
V _{BB}	Output Voltage Reference		-1525	-1425	-1325	mV
V _{IHCMR}	Input HIGH Voltage Common Mode Range ⁽¹¹⁾	Figure 5	V _{EE} +2	0	0.0	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current				150	μΑ
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current IN /IN		0.5 -150			μΑ μΑ

Notes:

8. Device is guaranteed to meet the DC specifications, shown in the table above, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The device is tested in a socket such that transverse airflow of ≥500lfpm is maintained.

6

- 9. Input and output parameters vary 1:1 with $\rm V_{CC}.\ V_{EE}$ can vary +2.0V to –0.5V.
- 10. V_{IHCMR} maximum varies 1:1 with V_{CC} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.
- 11. V_{IHCMR} minimum varies 1:1 with V_{EE} . The V_{IHCMR} range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal.

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{V}, \ V_{EE} = 0 \text{V or } V_{CC} = 0 \text{V}, \ V_{EE} = -3.0 \text{ to } -5.5 \text{V}; \ T_{A} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}. \\ ^{(12, \ 13)}$

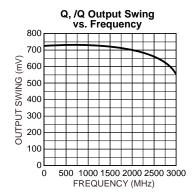
			$\Gamma_{A} = -40^{\circ}$	°C	Т	A = +25°	C.	T,	4 = +85°	<u> </u>	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency ⁽¹⁴⁾		2.5			2.5			2.5		GHz
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay IN to Q; D[0-10] IN to Q; D[0-10]=10 /EN to Q: D[0-10] D10 to CASCAI	23 9500 =0 1600	2000 11500 2150 420	2450 13500 2600 500	1800 9800 1800 325	2050 12200 2300 450	2600 14000 2800 550	1950 10600 2000 325	2250 13300 2500 525	2750 15800 3000 625	ps ps ps ps
t _{RANGE}	Programmable Range t _{PD} (max)-t _{PD} (m	in) 7850	9450		8200	10000		8850	10950		ps
Δt	Step Delay ⁽¹⁵⁾ D0 Hi D1 Hi D2 Hi D3 Hi D4 Hi D5 Hi D6 Hi D7 Hi D8 Hi D9 Hi	gh gh gh gh gh gh gh	9 25 42 75 142 296 532 1080 2100 4250			10 26 42 80 143 300 540 1095 2150 4300			10 27 43 81 150 310 565 1140 2250 4500		ps ps ps ps ps ps ps ps ps
Lin	Linearity ⁽¹⁶⁾	9	±10			±10			±10		%LSB
t _{SKEW}	Duty Cycle Skew ⁽¹⁷⁾	LH				25					ps
t _S	Setup Time D to LE D to IN ⁽ /EN to IN ⁽	EN 200 18) 300	0 140 150		200 300 300	0 160 170		200 300 300	0 180 180		ps ps ps
t _H	Hold Time LEN to IN to /EN(60 250		200 400	100 280		200 400	80 300		ps ps
t _R	Release Time /EN to IN ⁽ SETMAX to LE SETMIN to LE	EN 400	200 275		400 350	500 250 200		400 350	300 335		ps ps ps
t _{JIT}	Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter ⁽²²⁾		0.2	< 1		0.2	< 1		0.2	< 1	ps _{rms}
V_{PP}	Input Voltage Swing (Different	ial) 150	800	1200	150	800	1200	150	800	1200	mV
t _r t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time 20% to 80% (20% to 80% (CASCAD		180 180	250 250		210 210	300 300		230 230	325 325	ps ps

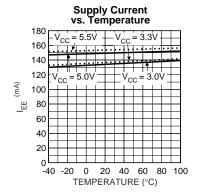
Notes:

- 12. AC characteristics are guaranteed by design and characterization.
- 13. Measured using 750mV source, 50% duty cycle clock source, R_L = 50 Ω to V_{CC} 2V.
- 14. Refer to "Typical Operating Characteristics" for output swing performance.
- 15. The delays of the individual bits are cumulative.
- 16. Linearity is the deviation from the ideal delay.
- 17. Duty cycle skew guaranteed only for differential operation measured from the crosspoint of the input edge to the crosspoint of the corresponding output edge.
- 18. Setup time defines the amount of time prior to an edge on IN, /IN that the D[0:9] bits must be set to guarantee the new delay will occur for that edge.
- 19. Setup time is the minimum that /EN must be asserted prior to the next transition of IN, /IN to prevent an output response greater than ±75mV to that IN, /IN transition.
- 20. Hold time is the minimum time that /EN must remain asserted after a negative going IN or a positive going /IN to prevent an output response greater than ±75mV to that IN, /IN transition.
- 21. Release time is the minimum time that /EN must be deasserted prior to the next IN, /IN transition to ensure an output response that meets the specified IN to Q propagation delay and transition times.
- 22. This is the amount of generated jitter added to an otherwise jitter free clock signal, going from IN, /IN to Q, /Q, where the clock may be any frequency between 0.0 and 2.5GHz.

ECL Pro® SY100EP195V

TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS





M0643-121504

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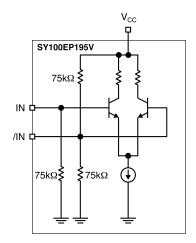


Figure 1a. Differential Input Structure

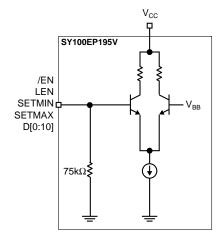


Figure 1b. Single-Ended Input Structure

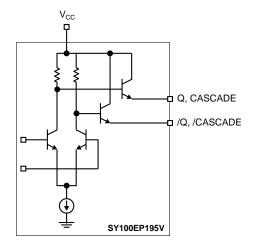


Figure 2. Emitter Output Structure

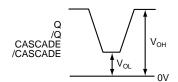


Figure 3a. Output Levels, PECL, LVPECL

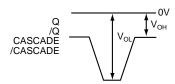


Figure 3b. Output Levels, NECL

M0643-121504

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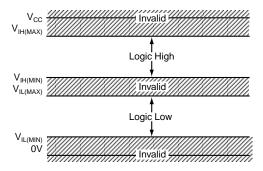


Figure 4a. Input Levels, PECL

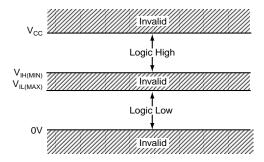


Figure 4b. Input Levels, CMOS, TTL

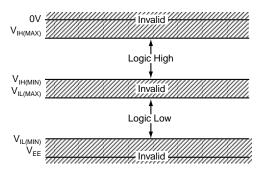


Figure 4c. Input Levels, NECL

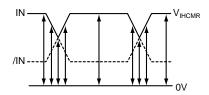


Figure 5a. Input Common Mode, PECL, LVPECL

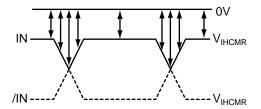


Figure 5b. Input Common Mode, NECL

TERMINATING PECL

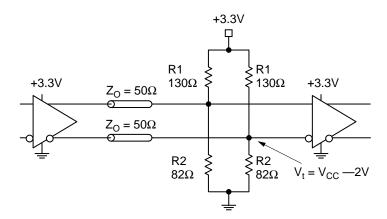


Figure 6a. Parallel Termination—Thevenin Equivalent

Note:

1. For +5.0V systems: R1 = 82Ω , R2 = 130Ω .

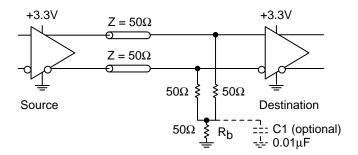


Figure 6b. Three-Resistor "Y-Termination"

Notes:

- 1. Power-saving alternative to Thevenin termination.
- 2. Place termination resistors as close to destination inputs as possible.
- 3. R_b resistor sets the DC bias voltage, equal to V_t . For +3.3V systems $R_b = 46\Omega$ to 50Ω . For +5V systems, $R_b = 110\Omega$.

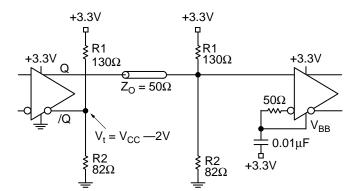


Figure 6c. Terminating Unused I/O

Notes:

- 1. Unused output (/Q) must be terminated to balance the output.
- 2. Micrel's differential I/O logic devices include a $\rm V_{BB}$ reference pin .
- 3. Connect unused input through 50Ω to V_{BB} . Bypass with a $0.01\mu F$ capacitor to V_{CC} , not GND, as PECL is referenced to V_{CC} .

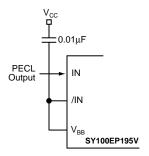


Figure 7a. Interfacing to a Single-Ended PECL Signal

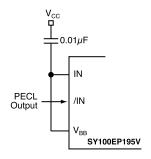


Figure 7b. Interfacing to and Inverting a Single-Ended PECL Signal

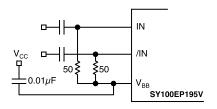


Figure 8. Re-Biasing an AC-Coupled Signal

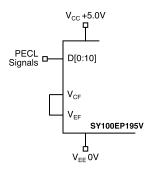


Figure 9a. Connecting PECL Signals to the D Inputs

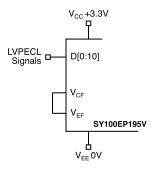


Figure 9b. Connecting LVPECL Signals to the D Inputs

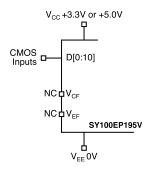


Figure 9c. Connecting CMOS Signals to the D Inputs Note: V_{CF} and V_{EF} are not connected.

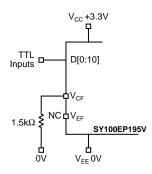


Figure 9d. Connecting TTL Signals to the D Inputs, with $V_{CC} = 3.3V$

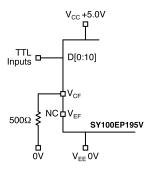


Figure 9e. Connecting TTL Signals to the D Inputs, with $V_{CC} = 5.0V$

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

SY100EP195V is a programmable delay line, varying the delay of a PECL or NECL input signal by any amount between about 2.2ns and 12.2ns. A 10-bit digital control register affords delay steps of approximately 10ps.

SY100EP195V implements the delay using a multiplexer chain and a set of fixed delay elements. Under digital control, various subsets of the delay elements are included in the signal chain. To simplify interfacing, the 10-bit digital delay control word interfaces to PECL, CMOS, or TTL interface standards.

Since multiplexers must appear in the delay path, SY100EP195V has a minimum delay of about 2.2ns. Delays below this value are not possible. In addition, when cascading multiple SY100EP195V to extend the delay range, the minimum delay is about 2.2ns times the number of SY100EP195V in cascade. An eleventh control bit, D[10], along with the CASCADE and /CASCADE outputs and the SETMIN and SETMAX inputs, simplifies the task of cascading.

Signal Path Logic Standard

The signal path, from IN, /IN to Q, /Q, interfaces to PECL, LVPECL, or NECL signals, as shown in Table 6. The choice of signal path logic standard may limit possible choices for the delay control inputs, D.

Input Enable

The /EN input gates the signal at IN, /IN. When disabled, the input is effectively gated out, just as if a logic low was being provided to SY100EP195V.

/EN	Value at Q, /Q
L	IN, /IN Delayed
Н	Logic Low Delayed

Table 1. /EN Truth Table

Digital Control Latch

SY100EP195V can capture the digital delay control word into its internal 11-bit latch, 10 bits for D[0:9], and an extra bit for the D[10] cascade control. The LEN input controls the action of this latch, as per Table 2.

Note that the LEN input is always PECL, LVPECL, or NECL, the same as the IN, /IN signal pair. The 11-bit delay control word, however, may also be CMOS or TTL.

LEN	Latch Action
L	Pass Through D[0:10]
Н	Latch D[0:10]

Table 2. LEN Truth Table

The nominal delay value is based on the binary value in D[0:9], where D[0] is the least significant bit, and D[9] is the most significant bit. This delay from IN, /IN to Q, /Q is about:

 $\Delta t = 2200 + 10 \times value(D[9:0]), ps$

Digital Control Logic Standard

When used in systems where V_{EE} connects to ground, SY100EP195V may interface either to PECL, CMOS, or TTL on its D[0:10] inputs. To this end, the V_{CF} pin sets the threshold at which the D inputs switch between logic low and logic high.

As shown in Table 3, connecting V_{CF} to V_{EF} sets the threshold to PECL (if V_{CC} is 5V) or LVPECL (if V_{CC} is 3.3V). Leaving V_{CF} and V_{EF} open yields a threshold suitable for detecting CMOS output logic levels. Leaving V_{EF} open and connecting V_{CF} to a 1.5V source allows the D inputs to accept TTL signals.

Logic Standard	V _{CF} Connection		
ECL, PECL	VEF		
CMOS	No Connect		
TTL	1.5V Source		

Table 3. Digital Control Standard Truth Table

If a 1.5V source is not available, connecting V_{CF} to V_{EE} through an appropriate resistor will bias V_{CF} at about 1.5V. The value of this resistor depends on the V_{CC} supply, as indicated in Table 4.

V _{CC}	Resistor Value		
3.3V	1.5kΩ		
5.0V	500Ω		

Table 4. Resistor Values for TTL Input

Cascade Logic

SY100EP195V is designed to ease cascading multiple devices in order to achieve a greater delay range. The SETMIN and SETMAX pins accomplish this, as set out in the applications section below. SETMIN and SETMAX override the delay by changing the value in the D latch register. Table 5 lists the action of these pins.

SETMIN	SETMAX	Nominal Delay (ps)	
L	L	As per D Latch	
L	Н	2200 + 10 × 1024	
Н	L	2200	
Н	Н	Not Allowed	

Table 5. SETMIN and SETMAX Action

Signal Path Logic Standard	v _{cc}	V _{EE}	Delay Control Input Choices
PECL	+4.5V to +5.5V	0V	PECL, CMOS, TTL
LVPECL	+3.0V to +3.6V	0V	LVPECL, CMOS, TTL
NECL	0V	−3.0 to −5.5V	NECL

Table 6. Signal Path Logic Standard

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

For best performance, use good high frequency layout techniques, filter V_{CC} supplies, and keep ground connections short. Use multiple vias where possible. Also, use controlled impedance transmission lines to interface with the SY100EP195V data inputs and outputs.

V_{BB} Supply

The VBB pin is an internally generated supply, and is available for use only by the SY100EP195V. When unused, this pin should be left unconnected. The two common uses for V_{BB} are to handle a single-ended PECL input, and to rebias inputs for AC-coupling applications.

If IN, /IN is driven by a single-ended output, V_{BB} is used to bias the unused input. Please refer to Figures 7. The PECL signal driving SY100EP195V may optionally be inverted in this case.

When the signal is AC-coupled, V_{BB} is used, as shown in Figure 8, to re-bias IN, /IN. This ensures that SY100EP195V inputs are within its acceptable common mode range.

In all cases, V_{BB} current sinking our sourcing must be limited to 0.5mA or less.

Setting D Input Logic Thresholds

As explained earlier, in all designs where the SY100EP195V V_{EE} supply is at zero volts, the D inputs may accommodate CMOS and TTL level signals, as well as PECL or LVPECL. Figures 9 show how to connect V_{CF} and V_{FF} for all possible cases.

Cascading

Two or more SY100EP195V may be cascaded, in order to extend the range of delays permitted. Each additional SY100EP195V adds about 2200ps to the minimum delay, and adds another 10240ps to the delay range.

Internal cascade circuitry has been included in the SY100EP195V. Using this internal circuitry, SY100EP195V may be cascaded without any external gating.

Examples of cascading 2, 3, or 4 SY100EP195V appear in Figures 10. Table 7 lists the nominal delay for all the cases that appear in Figures 10.

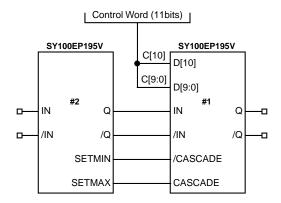


Figure 10a. Cascading Two SY100EP195V

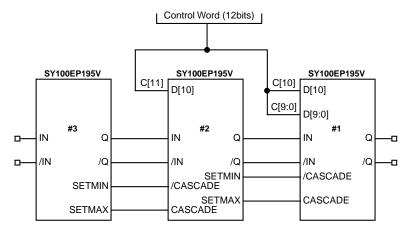


Figure 10b. Cascading Three SY100EP195V

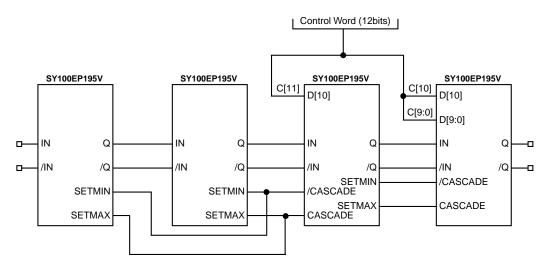


Figure 10c. Cascading Four SY100EP195V

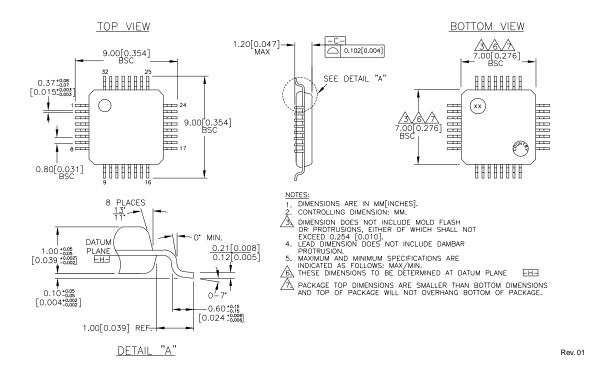
RELATED PRODUCT AND SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION

Part Number	Function	Data Sheet Link
SY100EP196VTI	3.3V/5V Programmable Delay Chip with Fine Tune Control	http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy100ep196v.shtml
SY55856UHI	2.5V/3.3V 2.5GHz Differential 2-Channel Precision CML Delay Line	http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy55856u.shtml

Control Inputs		Nominal Delay (ps)				
D[11]	D[10]	D[9:0]	One Chip	Two Chips	Three Chips	Four Chips
0	0	000000000	2,200	4,400	6,600	8,800
0	0	000000001	2,210	4,410	6,610	8,810
0	0	000000010	2,220	4,420	6,620	8,820
0	0	000000100	2,240	4,440	6,640	8,840
0	0	000001000	2,280	4,480	6,680	8,880
0	0	0000010000	2,360	4,560	6,760	8,960
0	0	0000100000	2,520	4,720	6,920	9,120
0	0	0001000000	2,840	5,040	7,240	9,440
0	0	0010000000	3,480	5,680	7,880	10,080
0	0	0100000000	4,760	6,960	9,160	11,360
0	0	100000000	7,320	9,520	11,720	13,920
0	0	1111111111	12,430	14,630	16,830	19,030
0	1	000000000		14,640	16,840	19,040
0	1	000000001		14,650	16,850	19,050
0	1	000000010		14,660	16,860	19,060
0	1	000000100		14,680	16,880	19,080
0	1	000001000		14,720	16,920	19,120
0	1	0000010000		14,800	17,000	19,200
0	1	0000100000		14,960	17,160	19,360
0	1	0001000000		15,280	17,480	19,680
0	1	0010000000		15,920	18,120	20,320
0	1	0100000000		17,200	19,400	21,600
0	1	100000000		19,760	21,960	24,160
0	1	111111111		24,870	27,070	29,270
1	0	000000000			27,080	29,280
1	0	000000001			27,090	29,290
1	0	000000010			27,100	29,300
1	0	000000100			27,120	29,320
1	0	0000001000			27,160	29,360
1	0	0000010000			27,240	29,440
1	0	0000100000			27,400	29,600
1	0	0001000000			27,720	29,920
1	0	0010000000			28,360	30,560
1	0	010000000	<u> </u>		29,640	31,840
1	0	100000000			32,200	34,400
1	0	1111111111	 	 	37,310	39,510
1	1	000000000			27,080	39,520
1	1	0000000001	 	 	27,090	39,530
1	1	0000000010			27,100	39,540
1	1	000000010	 	1	27,120	39,560
1	1	000000100			27,160	39,600
1	1	0000010000	 	1	27,240	39,680
1	1	000010000	 		27,400	39,840
1	1	000100000			27,720	40,160
1	1	001000000			28,360	40,800
1	1	010000000			29,640	42,080
1	1	100000000	+	+	32,200	44,640
		100000000	1	1	02,200	 ,00

Table 7. List of Nominal Delay Values for Cascaded SY100EP195V

32 LEAD TQFP (T32-1)



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